You MAY use your calculators.

A particle moves along the y-axis so that its velocity v at time  $t \ge 0$  is given by  $v(t) = 1 - \tan^{-1} (e^t)$ . At time t = 0, the particle is at y = -1. (Note:  $\tan^{-1} x = \arctan x$ )

(a) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t = 2.

(b) Is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing at time t = 2? Give a reason for your answer.

(c) Find the time  $t \ge 0$  at which the particle reaches its highest point. Justify your answer.

(d) Find the position of the particle at time t = 2. Is the particle moving toward the origin or away from the origin at time t = 2? Justify your answer.