> You MAY use your calculators.

A particle moves along the $y$-axis so that its velocity $v$ at time $t \geq 0$ is given by $v(t)=1-\tan ^{-1}\left(e^{t}\right)$. At time $t=0$, the particle is at $y=-1$. (Note: $\left.\tan ^{-1} x=\arctan x\right)$
(a) Find the acceleration of the particle at time $t=2$.
(b) Is the speed of the particle increasing or decreasing at time $t=2$ ? Give a reason for your answer.
(c) Find the time $t \geq 0$ at which the particle reaches its highest point. Justify your answer.
(d) Find the position of the particle at time $t=2$. Is the particle moving toward the origin or away from the origin at time $t=2$ ? Justify your answer.

